

Comparative Study of Speed Characteristics of DC Motor with and without Controllers

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ABSTRACT

In this paper a dc motor is modeled using transfer function analysis and the speed characteristics are plotted for dc motor with and without controllers. The difference between load torque and electromagnetic torque is improved using discrete p, I, d controllers for improving the speed characteristics. The best speed characteristics is obtained using proportional plus derivative controller. These characteristics are obtained by formulating a relation between speed and torque. The entire simulation is conducted on mat lab/simulink2013 environment.

KEYWORDS: dc motor, discrete PID controller, speed, simulink

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I. INTRODUCTION

The dc motor have been popular in the industry control area for a long time, because they have many good characteristics. Those are having high starting torque and high response and proved to be easier to linear control [1].at present mat lab simulation simplifies the scientific computation, process control, research, and industrial application and measurement applications [2].Fig.1.shows the block diagram of speed control of dc motor using discrete PID controller.

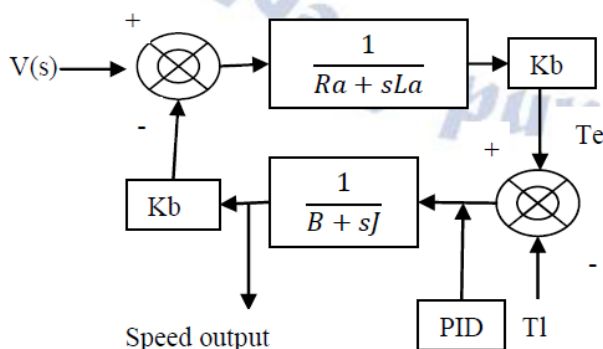


Fig.1. Block diagram of speed control of dc motor using discrete PID controller

II. BLOCK DIAGRAM AND TRANSFER FUNCTIONS

We know that the differential equation of dc motor in terms of speed and torque is given by

$$J \frac{d\omega_m}{dt} + B\omega_m = T_e - T_l = T \quad (1)$$

Where T_l is the load torque and T_e is the electromagnetic torque and T_a is the acceleration torque is the moment of inertia and ω_m is the speed.

After applying Laplace transform we get the below equations:

$$I_a(s) = \frac{V(s) - K_b \omega_m(s)}{R_a + sL_a} \quad (2)$$

$$\omega_m(s) = \frac{K_b I_a(s) - T_l(s)}{B + sJ} \quad (3)$$

By using equations (2) and (3) block diagram shown in Fig.1.is constructed. The difference between T_e and T_l is improved using discrete P, I, D controllers and the speed characteristics for different combinations are plotted [3].

III. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

The simulink diagram of dc motor using transfer function analysis is shown in Fig.2.as shown in figure the simulink includes with and without PID

controllers. The PID combinations are with pi controller, PD controller, PID controller and without PID controller.

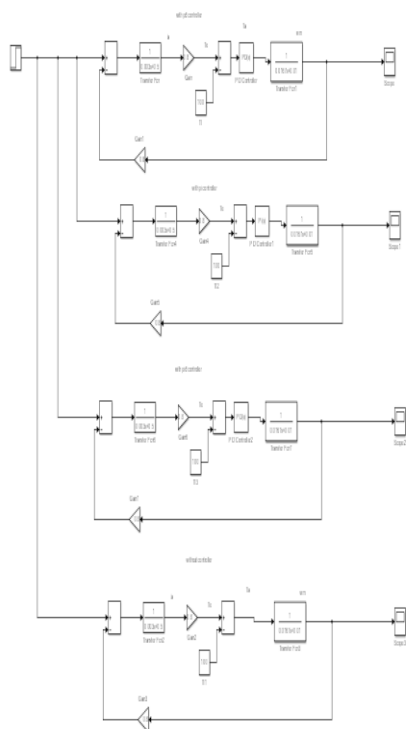


Fig.2.Simulink diagram of dc motor

IV. DISCRETE P, I, D CONTROLLER

The discrete PID controllers are very flexible today. Earlier we used to apply zadeh rules manually for p, I, d values. But, now a days it became very easy so that it is auto tuned in mat lab. In this paper first the load torque and electromagnetic torque is improved using P+I controller and secondly using P+D controller and finally using P+I+D controller. After all the three combinations of PID controller, the best result of speed control is obtained using P+D combination. The input given to the dc motor in simulink diagram shown is step.

V. VALUES

The values used in the speed control of dc motor are shown in Table.1.

Ra	0.003
La	0.5
B	0.01
J	0.0167
Kb	0.8
Tl	100
Vs	220
P	0.0102628039128877
I	0.0103454229667397
D	-0.00357312093128814
Filter coefficient N	2.87222406133

VI. GRAPHS

The graphs for different combinations of pid controllers and without controller are shown from Fig.3. To Fig.6 below

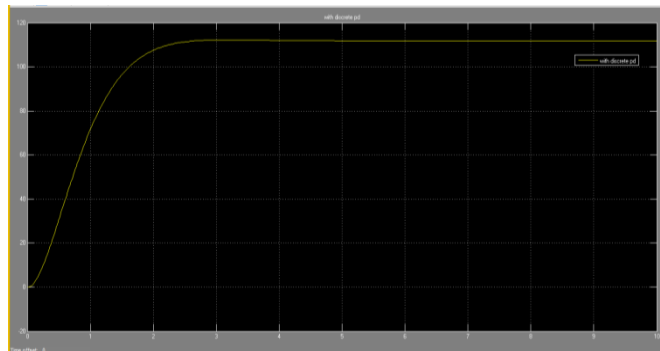


Fig.3.speed characteristics discrete P+D combination

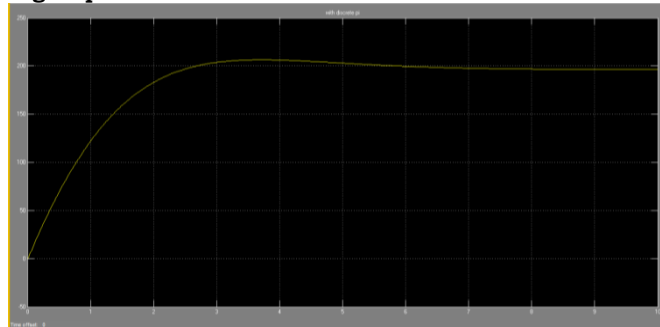


Fig.4.speed characteristics discrete P+I combination

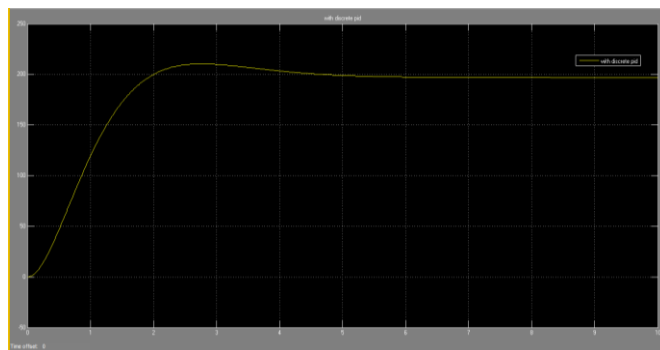


Fig.5.speed characteristics discrete P+I+D combination

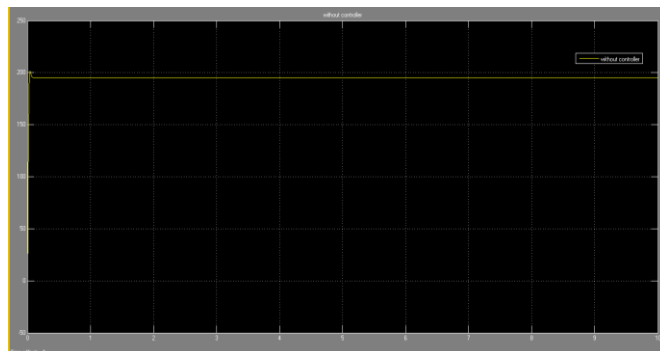


Fig.6.speed characteristics without controllers

As shown in the figures the speed is improved more using discrete P+D combinations compared to other combinations. The data used in this work is shown in table.1.

VII. CONCLUSION

The characteristics of speed of dc motor control are plotted and compared for different combinations of discrete PID controllers and without controller. The results obtained by using P+D combination are very satisfactory compared to any other type of combinations. The entire simulation is conducted on mat lab/simulink2013 environment.

NOMENCLATURE

R_a = armature resistance

L_a = armature inductance

B = viscous coefficient

J = moment of inertia

T_l = load torque

P = proportional

I = integral

D = derivative

EQUATIONS FOR P, I, D CONTROLLERS

The equations for proportional (P), integral (I) and derivative (D) are given in the below equations.

$$u(t) = K_p * e(t) \quad (4)$$

$$u(t) = K_i \int_0^t e(t) dt \quad (5)$$

$$u(t) = K_d * \frac{de(t)}{dt} \quad (6)$$

For P+I+D combination the equation after applying Laplace transform is given below:

$$C(s) = K_p + K_t/s + K_d * s = \frac{U(s)}{E(s)} \quad (7)$$

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